MEDICAL.

UNFORTUNATE.
Invites NEW REMEDIES!

Gibbon's Dispensary,
653 KEARNY STREET,
San Francisco, (Established in 1854 for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases.) Has Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Nervousness, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, (of years standing and Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Lungs, Throat, Skin, etc., successfully treated.

It has the pleasure of announcing that it has removed from its old location, 653 Kearny street, to the more central and commodious premises, No. 4 Montgomery Block, corner of Montgomery and Commercial streets, where his old patients and those requiring his services may find him.

No pains, time nor money has been spared neither time nor money in the establishment, and has returned with the determination of human suffering for the alleviation of human suffering.

Male Diseases.

Thousands of persons both male and female, who are afflicted with secret infirmities or diseases, whose constitutions have been undermined by the effects of secret indulgences or solitary habits, whose blooms of health have been blighted, whose manly vigor has been destroyed, whose nervous systems are shattered, whose faces are pimply and sickly, whose blood is impure, whose minds are filled with horrible forebodings of impending evils, whose bodies are emaciated, whose sexual organs are diseased, whose blood is poisoned, whose kidneys are deranged, whose bladder is inflamed, whose skin is disfigured with humiliating eruptions, whose eyes are sunken, whose hair is falling out, whose beards refuse to grow, whose voices are cracked, whose limbs are swollen, whose joints are stiff, whose backs are weak, whose nights are sleepless, whose days are miserable, whose friends are few, whose enemies are many, whose relatives are ashamed of them, whose employers are dissatisfied with them, whose wives, children, guardians, friends and associates are suffering with any of these diseases—see that they are cured, or if they are incurable let them be too late. Send them to DR. GIBBON, a physician who has made this especial study for years, and who has had more experience in curing these diseases than any other physician in the world. If you are afflicted or know those who are afflicted, or to those who have injurious drugs in their systems, or to those who are afflicted with any of the diseases mentioned in this advertisement, or to their friends, it will be to your interest to consult Dr. GIBBON, as he is the most successful physician in curing all diseases arising from the solitary habit, or from the use of mercury, or any injurious drugs. It is the duty of doctors who confer with each other in curing all diseases upon the public by using Indian Herbs from Europe and South America, to be careful and make perfect cures, and not fall into the hands of those who are ignorant of the use of the above herbs.

Diseases of self abuse, or sexual indulgence in early life, or both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, with unerring certainty yield to the simple but wonderful remedies which he employs. Unlike the nostrums of the day, which, while they may relieve the eyes, pain in the head, noise like the rustling of leaves, giddiness about the head, confusion of vision, dizziness in the presence of society, loss of memory, pimples and various eruptions on the face, etc., etc., never effect a cure, but only add fuel to the flame, and ruin the constitution, Dr. GIBBON'S remedies are purely vegetable, and will not be detected, should the patient so desire, by friends or by letter and consultation in person or by letter and the new and scientific mode of treatment never fails of effecting a perfect cure.

Dr. G. will give One Thousand Dollars to any person who will prove satisfactorily that he has ever published the name of any patient cured of this disease, or made use of any of the many worthless compounds that are now flooding the country.

Dr. GIBBON'S Medicines are prepared expressly for each case, and are sent to all parts of the country, by mail or express, with the privilege to the purchaser to examine the contents before paying for them. Persons at a distance can be treated with perfect success by addressing Dr. GIBBON, and describing their symptoms carefully. Medicines sent by express, C. O. D., to any part of the United States, with the privilege to examine before paying for them. All letters must contain a stamp for reply, and be addressed to Dr. GIBBON, 653 Kearny street, San Francisco, Cal. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. Consultation free and strictly confidential.

Dr. GIBBON, Box 1957, San Francisco, Cal.

Dr. GIBBON'S DISPENSARY, 653 KEARNY STREET, Up Stairs.

Daily Oregonian.

REWARD

Volumes and Periodicals.

PATENT QUARTERLY.

ADDISON C. GIBBS,
C. H. LEWIS,
M. W. FECHHEIMER,
M. FATTIN,
I. BLUM.

Portland, Or.

Clatsop County, W. T.,
FISCAL YEAR.

Nov. 1st unpaid $
Warrants Nov Term of Court.

1872, $ 58 10
1872 72 53
$ 253 64
$2,293 80
2,295 80
3,258 25
1,401 20

Orders drawn on County Treasurer in addition of a part of Clatsop in favor of citizens of old Clatsop county.

S. H. WOOLSEY,
Auditor Cowlitz Co. W. T.

NOTICE.

OFFICE, W. T. Sept. 1st, 1873.
CLATSOP COUNTY, W. T.
ALL WARRANTS DRAWN ON THE TREASURER IN FAVOR OF CITIZENS OF THE OLD COUNTY OF CLATSOP, bearing date prior to and including the 1st day of September, A. D. 1873, will be paid on presentation at the office of the Treasurer of Clatsop County, W. T., at Oysterville, Pacific County, W. T., on and after this date and all interest on said warrants will cease after this date.

S. H. WOOLSEY,
Auditor Cowlitz Co. W. T.

G. W. HUME.

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XIII.—NO. 250. PORTLAND, OREGON: MONDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1873. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Tweed's Sentence.

NEW YORK Nov. 2.—Tweed is sentenced to twelve years in the county jail and to pay a fine of $12,...

Judge Davis' Remarks on the Sentence of Tweed.

NEW YORK Nov. 2.—When Tweed was called to stand up and receive the sentence of the court Judge Davis said: Wm. M. Tweed you stand convicted by the verdict of a jury of twelve honest men of a large number of crimes charged against you, unlimited by any indictment, and that verdict, in the opinion of the court, could not have been otherwise without violation of the oath which the jury have taken. I can only conclude and declare the judgment which is, that you be imprisoned in the county jail and to pay a fine of $12,500. Tweed was afterwards consigned to the Tombs by the sheriff.

Arrest of one of the Nathan Murderers.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—Cole cunning a well known burglar was taken from the penitentiary, where he has just completed a six months' term and locked up at police headquarters on a charge of complicity in the Nathan murder, preferred by John T. Kelly. Irving Ingliss and both cunning and Dan Kelly. The murder, by stating that the former killed Nathan while he and Kelly were waiting in the House. It is also stated that Kelly is under arrest.

Prosecution of Corruptionists in New York City.

NEW YORK Nov. 22.—The Grand Jury has found indictments against a number of inspectors of election for violations of the election laws, and against other citizens whose proceedings on election day have been the subject of much comment.

Suit against Daniel Drew and Others.

E. R. Biddermann & Co. have instituted legal proceedings against Daniel Drew, Eugene S. Robinson and E. H. Alden charging them with fraud and misrepresentation in regard to large transactions in Cayuga stocks. It is alleged that Robinson was induced by Drew to transfer the stock on Biedermann & Co., after Drew had agreed not to sell any of his stock, but to buy more. The difference in dispute amounts to a million dollars.

An International Shoot & Match.

A challenge has been issued by the Irish National Rifle Association for a shooting match with a picked marksmen of America, to take place in this country in the autumn of 1874. The Irish Association sent a team to Wimbledon who defeated the English and Scotch champions.

Murder of Mrs. Moriarty.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—Mrs. Moriarty and a colored woman were quarreled to-day over the payment for a job of sewing, when the man drew a pistol and shot her dead. He then made his escape.

Statement of New York Banks.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—The following bank statement has been issued: Loans decrease, $2,370,400; specie increase, $73,800; legal tenders increase, $480,...; and deposits increase, $6,1,2,400.

Miscellaneous.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—There is to be a special convention with Japan.

The Erie Canal is completely closed with ice.

The reported personal suspension of Thompson President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is denied.

The conduct of Marshal Morris in the *Sunrise* matter is to be thoroughly investigated.

Thirteen more bodies from the wrecked steamer *Atlantic* have been washed ashore.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

From Madrid.

MADRID, Nov. 22.—A plot to surrender Cartagena to the Government forces has been discovered and 100 military leaders except Contreras arrested.

From Paris.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—The Ministry have withdrawn their resignations.

The Trial of Bazaine.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—M. Gambetta and Jules Favre appeared as witnesses to-day in the Bazaine trial. There was a crowded audience and the testimony was listened to with the deepest attention. Favre gave an account of his interview with Bismarck and declared that the latter told him that he had reason to believe that Marshal Bazaine would not recognize the Government after September. His statement caused profound sensation in the court room.

Reorganization of MacMahon's Cabinet.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—The Cabinet will probably be reorganized to-day. It is understood that Duke de Broglie will be Minister of Foreign Affairs and that Pierre Magne, Minister of Finance and Decelligny Minister of Public Works will remain.

Fatal Explosion in an English Colliery.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—An explosion in the Wingate Colliery to-day killed several miners.

Parliament will reassemble on the 10th of February next.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

Loss of a Cable Steamer.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—A telegram from St. Johns, N. F., says: A telegram from the steamer *Isabel Lee* was received that the St. Mary's Bay Wednesday morning. The chief officer and two boats with crews were saved but the Captain with two other boats are missing. The tug *St. Isabel* has been dispatched to assist the missing boats.

THE WESTERN CRISIS.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—A Cincinnati special to the *Herald* of November 17th says: The tone of the Western press on Cuban affairs is generally favorable to prompt and energetic action on the part of the United States to punish the outrage of the 7th and avenge the slaughter of our citizens; but the majority are opposed to the annexation of that island under any circumstances. The press of Cincinnati with the exception of the *Enquirer* are to a man opposed to the above statement. The *Commercial* predicting the idea of a war with Spain or any interference with Cuban matters by the United States, and the *Gazette* taking the ground that the *Virginius* party were filibusters who have no claim either to the protection or sympathy of the United States Government and whose fate was no worse than they had reason to expect.

Augustus Burbeck Maximilian's adopted heir to the Mexican Empire accompanied by Madame Burbeck and General J. N. Nelson, American Minister to Mexico are to New York city. Young Burbeck will be sent to school at Stoneyhurst England. He is ten years of age, and an accomplished musician and linguist.

THE VIRGINIUS COMPLICATION.

WASHINGTON Nov. 21.—Rogers is further out on a visit towards Minister Sickles at Madrid and other information.

There is no reason to believe after searching investigation that there were any irregularities in the registration papers of the *Virginius*.

Important Cabinet Meeting.

The Cabinet met to-day was the longest and the most important which has been held during the present Administration. Nothing of an Executive nature to the conclusion was reached. The President is evidently in full accord with the general sentiment of the country, but will not move, which seems to be that he will place the matter in the hands of Congress. He will submit the whole matter to Congress when it meets.

WASHINGTON Nov. 22.—At the Cabinet meeting yesterday, which lasted four and one half hours, official dispatches submitted to Secretary Fish that there is no more reason to anticipate the close of hostilities. The conclusion now that there was yesterday. The Secretary of the Navy has issued a despatch to the effect that the ordnance and ammunition of the receipt of all information that the Spanish Government was making a display of a satisfactory and honorable settlement of the *Virginius* difficulty but a regard for the maintenance of the integrity of Spanish territory is essential. When it is understood that no more developments have occurred since this announcement was made except those regarding the abolitions by Burriel of the columnards of the Spanish Government it must be accepted as a favorable indication of the honest purpose of that government to deal justly. It will therefore appear that the situation promises favorable if not peaceful results. Our Government will in no way hurry events in its preparations in anticipation of unfavorable results. It is now almost certain that delays will occur to such an extent that the case will necessarily be present ed to Congress in an incomplete condition. No dispatches have been received confirming the report of a second attempt to kill Captain Sickles. Work in the Charlestown Navy Yard progresses briskly.

The impression prevails at Washington that Congress will recognize the Cubans as belligerents at once.

WASHINGTON Nov. 21.—The superintendent of the mounted recruiting service has been ordered to send all disposable colored cavalry recruits to Fort Brown Texas to the Ninth Cavalry.

The Feeling in the East and at the South.

NEW YORK Nov. 21.—About 1,000 Germans held a meeting in Germania Hall to night to express sympathy with the Cubans. A Committee was appointed to draft resolutions which he intends to be laid before Congress. Animated speeches were made in German and English.

NEW ORLEANS Nov. 21.—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held here to night for the discussion of Cuban affairs.

CHARLESTON Nov. 21.—News from Madrid causes great excitement and much anxiety is felt of the condition of Forts Sumter and Moultrie.

NEW YORK Nov. 1.—There is increased activity in the Brooklyn Navy Yard—2,000 men at work and six vessels preparing for service.

The Spanish official report shows that over here the *Hispano* people were executed.

Alexander H. Stephens on the Virginius Difficulty.

AUGUSTA, Ga. Nov. 21.—Alexander H. Stephens leaves to-morrow morning for Washington. Though still feeble he hopes to be able to remain at his post during the session of Congress. In an interview to day he said: "I am for Cuba immediately if not sooner." He thinks that the movement on the first session of Congress will bring about good feeling between the North and South.

Minister Sickles and the Spanish Mob.

A Washington special says that an official dispatch to Secretary Fish received at 12 o'clock last night says that a second attempt was made to assassinate Sickles, but the Minister is now under guard at the American legation on in Madrid.

MADRID Nov. 21.—Sickles has suspended preparations which he was making to leave the city.

LONDON Nov. 22.—Dispatches from Madrid agree in representing that the late interviews between Minister Sickles and the Spanish authorities on the of a stormy character Sickles barely escaped mobbing by a crowd which congregated in front of his residence. In consequence of the demonstrations he is determined to leave Madrid, but the Government having dispersed the mob, all fear of further disturbance of the peace is resolved to remain.

It is rumored that the insurgents intend to surrender. This will leave the entire fleet of iron clads at the service of the Government in case of a war with the United States.

SENATOR SUMNER ON THE "VIRGINIUS" MATTER.

BOSTON, Nov. 19.—Senator Sumner, in an interview to day with regard to the *Virginius* affair, said he had sent to New York a letter to be read at the meeting there last night. This letter embodied his views on the subject. It is a very delicate question as Sumner hinted and an opinion should be carefully and calmly formed. The haste and heat of popular clamor he did not think calculated to give sound views. He remarked: "I shall be attacked for what I have written unless they suppress the letter. They have contrived to get up a vast deal of excitement upon the subject. There is popular indignation which overlooks the result. Give the people a little time to cool off and they will listen to calmer views." Mr. Sumner also remarked on the attitude of certain London journals on this matter. Some of them which were never friendly to us, are doing all they can to arouse popular indignation all over this country. We need to be very careful, he thought, how we adjust our policy to an opinion received from that quarter. They would be too glad to see us involved in a war with Spain. They do not like a Republic in Spain, and would be delighted to have it crushed by a Republic in America. England would rub her hands with glee if she could make out of the *Virginius* a second *Alabama*. She would be glad if we placed ourselves in the same position as herself by recognizing the *Virginius*. As to the legal aspect of the case, Sumner said there appeared to his own mind very clearly the fact that the vessel went under the United States flag but does not compromise our honor. If she were furnished with the American flag and papers, they were only a part of the pretense. It would be foolish however, he remarked to make the *Virginius* an excuse for the recognition of Cuba. It would be cried too, to precipitate war with Spain unless we were driven to it. We must save the Spanish Republic if possible. The letter referred to by Senator Sumner was not read at the New York meeting last night.

THE DUTY OF THE LOCAL PRESS.—If ever there was a time when patriotism and self interest alike required that every citizen should emancipate himself from party and personal prejudices and to think for the commonwealth it is the present. As in the field of philanthropy where men and women in the spirit of self sacrifice rush in to save and console though death in the form of yellow fever and cholera is imminent they meet with no competition or jostling there so in the field of statesmanship based upon scientific principles pursued for their own sake there is always room higher up. Members of Congress look with scandal to the voice of their home paper. If they realize that they receive due recognition at home for all their work and censure for all those of a doubtful character they will be forced up to resent the insidious lobby influences, which are growing stronger from year to year.

Not merely money and the pleasures of the table are used to debase their character but very frequently the higher allurements of society—music and art are brought into requisition to obscure their moral sensibilities and to lead them unconsciously astray.

Believing that the great majority of the next Congress is composed of men of integrity we have high hopes that with the aid of the press and an intelligent public sentiment the coming session will inaugurate measures of great public advantage.—*The Republic*.

THE TURKISH Commissioner, Mustapha A. Washington, in a dispatch of November 14th says: He is relieved that the excitement now raging will promptly subside in the presence of the Turkish Government, and he feels confident that the Sultan's just and friendly intentions will be fully carried out. Many obligations with England, he feels sure, will be removed. The British Government is very friendly in this case, of which the Virginius was largely engaged in the British trade. Such a letter could turn much with a mind not influenced by property and other interest engagement instantly when temporarily influenced by some small amounts of currency in a time of extreme financial distress.

Efforts are also made in London to avert the Minister Sprague's recommendation that authorizing increased issues of greenbacks, with a provision for their conversion into 6-20 per cent. Bonds, the latter again convertible into greenbacks so as to shrink and swell the currency alternately as required by temporary exigencies.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

CALIFORNIA.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO Nov. 22.—The steamer *Montana* arrived this morning from Panama. Private letters from Guatemala state that all quiet at Soconusco. Despotes is stronger than ever.

CANYONVILLE Nov. 23.—A severe shock of an earthquake was felt here last evening at 11 o'clock. The shock was quite violent lasting about twenty seconds, and appearing to be nearly in an easterly and southerly direction. No damage was done but much alarm was created as it was the first shock ever felt in this place.

CANYONVILLE Nov. 23.—A severe shock of an earthquake was felt here at 10 o'clock last evening causing considerable excitement for a few moments having been the first one ever experienced in this county.

REDDING Nov. 23.—At 1 P. M. yesterday the people of Roseburg were startled by something which has never before disturbed the inhabitants of this place. The shock of an earthquake. At that time buildings were observed to tremble simultaneously over all parts of the town, and that peculiar rumbling was also heard which inevitably accompanies earthquakes. It lasted at least twenty seconds and came from the southwest.

ASHLAND Nov. 23.—There was a light shock of earthquake here last night about 9 o'clock which caused insects to shake considerably but no damage was done. We did not ascertain the direction of the vibrations.

CORVALLIS, Nov. 23.—About ten minutes past 9 o'clock last evening a very distinct shock of an earthquake was felt here lasting several minutes. The vibrations appeared to be from northeast and southwest.

LEGGETT CITY, Nov. 23.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt here at 9 o'clock last evening lasting a few seconds. The vibrations were from north to south.

ALBANY Nov. 23.—Two quite severe shocks of earthquake were felt in this city at 9 o'clock sharp last night ranging from northeast and southwest. It shook many buildings and lasted 40 seconds.

The approaching city election excites a good deal of competition among the candidates for the different city offices.

The weather is now clear and warm like summer.

Soldier Captured.

SALEM Nov. 23.—Superintendent W. H. Watkinds received a telegram from San Jose, Cal. that Shults, alias George Bergmann, had been arrested and awaited a requisition. Mr. Watkinds starts to-day overland after him.

THE TERRITORIES.

MR. T. N. Gale has purchased the Oregon *Argus*.

The track of the Utah Southern railroad will be completed to Provo this week.

Since the advent of Gen. Connor into Utah blue hats is not been a popular color in the Territory.

Tacoma is making her sidewalks of sawdust. It will be a softer bed for the dead drunks than asphaltum.

A boy about four years old, son of Mr. Orchard of Placerville, Idaho, was run over by a wagon last week and very badly hurt.

It is said that Samuel Coulter Esq. has taken the place in the Olympia *Courier* establishment made vacant by the retirement of John Harned.

The City Recorder of Seattle made a good haul one day last week by fining two men for drunkenness and indecent exposure, each $100 and costs.

We learn from the Olympia *Courier* that Gen. Sprague was elected by the Grand Jury for granting permits to cut timber on odd sections of Government land.

Jacob Pfaudler, a German aged 40 years, has been adjudged insane by the authorities at Olympia, and sent to the asylum. The *Courier* says he is from Oregon and should properly be a charge upon that State.

The Colorado plains are covered with buffalo and the *Greeley Tribune* says 600 were killed in sports from that place in a single hunt lately. Protesting against such butchery are of no avail as long as the law provides no punishment.

Two gentlemen arrived at the Dalles from the new gold mines on Friday of last week, from whom we learn that a number of pockets of coarse gold had been found. The miners seem to have got restored confidence and will proceed with opening their claims.

The nine Piute chiefs who recently went to Washington returned last week to their reservation in Southern Colorado dressed in store clothes, felt hats and gaiter shoes. They wore watch chains and neck pins carried carpet sacks and aped the style of Christians generally.

The annual report of Olympia District No. 1, submitted at the school meeting held on the 7th inst., shows that the following was received and disbursed upon the order of the Directors. Total amount received $3,540 89; total amount disbursed, $3,410 27. Leaving a balance in the treasury of $132 62.

The Salt Lake *Tribune* noticing the return to Europe of several of the newly arrived Mormon emigrants says: "Mormonism as preached in Europe is altogether a different thing from Mormonism preached and practised in Utah. In Europe it is Christ crucified; in Utah, it is worship Brigham Young pay your tithe or be eternally damned."

Mr. Coleman of Boise City has caught an animal of which the wise heads of Idaho seem to know but little. It weighs about twenty-five pounds; is about fifteen inches high and eighteen inches long has a short stub tail one or two inches long, thumb long hair from the top of its head back to its rump of a dark brown color something like a brown bear. Is smooth and pleasant with full rounded ears resembling a dog. Its fore legs and feet resemble a dog a little speck of white in the forehead and under the neck and between the toe nails of each foot its rump has short grey hair takes considerable pains to set on his rump with his hind legs evenly laced between the fore feet. It is very docile can make a sort of a growl not a bark. The animal was caught averages sixty miles below Boise City and three miles from Snake river.

AN ENTHUSIASTIC GERMAN ON THE GREAT RACE.—The Virginia City *Enterprise* of November 18th says:

A few were quietly sipping our Tiger last evening at Jacob D. Freudhoffer's saloon, when Harry Mortimer rushed in and greatly excited cried out to Jacob, who was quietly leaning over the counter:

Take Dead Broke his own the race.

You don't told me so! Bully for Dead Broke! Wedikes drink in Dead Broke's luck for Dead! Three drink!

Yes, cried Harry, old Dead got away with it!

Bully for Dead! I'm glad dat it was so. But I don't vos to remembers dis Fats Shelton. Vas he dot bodes Tom Yack Schteben vot vos to sell a wagon?

No! Fats vos the big Californian hoss that won the race to day at San Francisco.

Oh! Fats vos hoss vas it. But vos why vos dot Fat Schteben. Come he vos under me back Billy for sale Schteben. We takes a drink vos dat Hoss buck for Tad Schteben. They drink! Good God! Dat's hot as vos ever I drink of forma horse! Vell vell dat does be over dings. [Humming to a near door] Ooh Katrina, Katrina! Whoop Katrina! Come out vos I'm a-pparel!

Vell vat is der matter mit you Jacob?

Vy, Tad Schteben he vas dat rascal! Come ve all takes a trink. [All drink to Fats Shelton.] Good Dad Schteben vas a horse. But pfats everdings!

OREGON.

EUGENE City has three schools in successful operation.

There are thirteen candidates for Marshal of the city of Albany.

Thompson's steam plow will be tried on his Yamhill farm this week.

The military company recently formed at Eugene City, has disbanded.

The amount of tax to be raised in Washington county this year is $80 694 44.

The Hillsboro school now contains 117 pupils and is every way in a very prosperous condition.

Mr. Prewett of East Chehalem Yamhill county, raised 6,000 pounds of hops this season.

A Benton county man has dried 3,000 pounds of apples and 700 pounds of plums this fall.

The average temperature at Baker City for the week ending Nov 15th was 42.2 degrees above zero.

Three incipient fires happened at Baker City last week, but were fortunately extinguished without serious loss of property.

The editor of the Albany *Register* saw a man carrying two sacks containing $45 000, and did not stop him. The editor had no shotgun.

The Circuit Court for Polk county, Judge Boise presiding will convene to-day (Monday). There are 22 civil cases on the docket.

Mr. John Irvine, of the Dalles, has purchased the celebrated horse "Dr. Lindsley," formerly owned by J. G. Cozart, of Grant county.

About forty different specimens of very fine apples were received from Oregon a few weeks ago at the Agricultural Bureau in Washington City.

Dan Morgan has been convicted of burglary in Salem last week, and sentenced to the penitentiary for five years and James Howard was sent for six years on a similar charge.

A large number of leading citizens of Benton county have decided to bring an action at law to test the legality of the increased assessment levied by the State Board of Equalization.

In the Circuit Court at the Dalles last week Wm. Deale, convicted of forgery was sentenced to the penitentiary for three years and Charles Kastner, for larceny, sentenced for one year.

William Poe, of Linn county, arrested last week, charged with the crime of incest is said to be the father of nine children. He says he will make no defense before the Court for the crime.

We learn that Col. T. R. Cornelius, of Washington county, has brought suit for $1 025 damages against a Mr. Crandall for an arrest made for refusing to assist in the service of a process of some kind.

On Monday of last week, a Grange of Patrons of Husbandry was organized a few miles south of Forsaiths called Willamette Grange No. 4. A fifth Grange, for Benton Co. is about to be organized at Monroe.

Mr. C. W. Mason, of Philomath, had a narrow escape from death last week, by a well caving in upon him. He was down twenty feet when the cave occurred, and received very severe but not dangerous injuries, it is hoped.

The R. R. agent at Newtown this side of Hillsboro was chased by a cougar near his house a few days ago. Since that time the agent has only ventured out once, and then he saw a deer which so frightened him that he almost fainted.

The Order of the Patrons of Husbandry in Lane county will celebrate the anniversary of the foundation of their Order at Junction City on the 4th of December next. Mr. J. Henry Smith of Harrisburg, Linn county, will deliver an address.

The 15th anniversary of the marriage of Dr. Rowland of the Christian Church at Salem, was appropriately observed by his friends last week who presented him and his lady with an unlimited amount of glassware of all kinds, and for every conceivable use.

The schooner *John Hunter*, Capt. Hillyer, arrived at Newport on the 9th inst., with merchandise for Elk City. She loaded with lumber at Otsetta Mills, and after taking on several hundred bushels of oats, from Siletz, sailed for San Francisco during the last week.

Mr. A. S. Watt, formerly of Yamhill county, but now residing in Forest Grove disposed of his farm lying some three and a half miles northwest of Lafayette, to Mrs. L. L. Hannah and Mr. A. Blackburn of Gervais, for $11,000. The farm contains 153 acres of land.

The seat of Corvallis and Yaquina Bay Wagon Road Company vs. Philip Stanton, to recover toll, which came up on appeal, was decided in the Circuit Court at Corvallis last week against Mr. Stanton, thus establishing the legal right of the Company to take toll.

D. D. Brettyman who attended to weighing out the feed for the stock at the State Fair informs the *Farmer* that he delivered in all 12 051 pounds of hay 6 977 on Thursday. The heaviest horse he weighed belonged to Howard Humphrey of Marion county, and weighed 1,900 pounds.

Our Hillsboro correspondent informs us that the earthquake on Saturday night extended to that section. Hanging lamps oscillated for some seconds. Some persons imagined that they had been suddenly taken ill and other unfamiliar signs of a genuine earthquake were observed.

Information is wanted of David Harvey of County Down Ireland. When last heard from he was in Albany Oregon. Having or any one knowing of him, they will confer a favor by writing to his brother Samuel Harvey, care J. P. Morris & Co. Richmond Iron Works, Philadelphia Pa.

About all the fall grain in Marion county is now sown and it is coming up evenly and well. There is a large acreage sown. The fall plowing is progressing finely. One thing is observable the plows are set very deeply and much fine dirt is turned up which assimilating with surface soil will produce heavy crops next year.

The Republican primaries in Salem last Saturday elected delegates to the city Convention and nominated candidates for Council men as follows: First Ward—O. Dickinson and R. A. Gesner. Second Ward—Ed. Hirsch and C. N. Terry. Third Ward—J. H. Moores and E. B. Hirsh. Fourth Ward—J. M. Gatch and W. C. Adams.

Our correspondent at Shedd Flats county, was under date of November 2d. A shock of earthquake was felt at this place last evening, lasting for several seconds. The motion appeared to be an oscillation between east and west. It was sufficiently violent to make timbers in the warehouse crack and frighten hands engaged in loading wheat so badly as to cause a precipitated evacuation. Time, about 8 50 P. M.

We have received an account of a little transaction taking place near Oakland, by which a husband tried to manufacture testimony against his wife so as to procure a divorce from her, but the old lady didn't bite and the old man lost $50 by the arrangement. The woman is going for divorce now and she ought to have it if our information is correct.

A letter from Canyon City, Grant county, dated the 16th inst. states that the Independent Order of Woodwards propose giving a public ball on the evening of the 27th for the purpose of building a new school house. Also that there are several marriages talked off that are expected to come off soon. The weather has been fine. The contracts for hay and grain at Camp Harney are all filled.

The Grand Jury of Benton county found three bills in the following cases. The State of Oregon vs. Philip Stanton—throwing down gate on roadway belonging to the Corvallis and Yaquina Bay Wagon Road Company. The State of Oregon vs. W. H. Brown, by threats compelling another to do an act against his will. The State of Oregon vs. Richard Bent, assault with a dangerous weapon.

An attempt was made to burglarize the store of Ferguson & Bird at Lafayette on Thursday night of last week. The brick wall was cut through on one side, but finding they could not get into the store that way, the burglars went on the other side and made a hole large enough to crawl through. They were probably disturbed very soon after they effected an entrance, as nothing was missed from the store, though some articles were scattered about the floor.

A requisition for arms was recently made by a militia company organized at Eugene, to which Gov. Grover replied as follows. "I regret extremely not being able at this time to fill your requisition. There are no arms at the seat of government, all having been distributed during the late Indian difficulties, to be placed in the hands of settlers at exposed points from my information there is no better feeling upon our frontier at this time than there was a year ago. With my present view of the subject I would be doing a great injustice to the frontier settlers to withdraw these arms at this time."

A mineral spring near Yoncalla, Douglas county, is attracting considerable attention, as several persons have tried the effects of using the waters with marked favorable results on health. Its medical properties are unknown. The owner, Mr. Snowden, has made several efforts to have it subjected to a chemical analysis, but his agents, instead of returning him the results, have made him offers for his property. Mr. Leland, the temperance lecturer, says that the water tastes very similar to Saratoga water. His situation is near the railroad, in quite a romantic place, and would be a delightful resort for invalids.

Messrs. John Minto, Frank Cooper, and Henry States, have just returned from an expedition made in the interest and under the official authority of Marion county, to explore the route across the Cascade mountains on the north side of the main North Santiam, which heads south of Mt. Jefferson. They found and traversed the valley of that stream in the mountains for 74 miles, and reached the summit south of Mt. Jefferson, without finding any difficult mountain climbing, save Black Mound in the Des Chutes valley, and saw the bunch grass land in the distance. Mr. Minto makes a careful estimate that 117 miles of road will reach from Salem to the Des Chutes valley, and promises to furnish next week full particulars of this very interesting and very important discovery.

The case of W. Bird vs. The Dalles Military Road Co., is exciting some attention in Wasco county. The plaintiff seeks to recover damages for injuries received by the upsetting of a stage, caused by defendants' road being out of order as well as by negligence in its construction. Defendants claim that said road was properly constructed, and that they are not bound to keep it in repair, that since September, 1869, they have refused to demand and collect toll of passengers and travelers on said road for a distance of about two hundred miles southeast of the Dalles, that the place where plaintiff was injured was on that portion of the road that defendants had abandoned and thrown open to the public as a public road. On a demurrer to defendants' answer, Judge McArthur decided that defendants could not abandon the road and suffer it to become dangerous and impassable, that their obligation in this respect continues, that to allege they were not liable for damages for the reason they did not collect or receive toll of travelers or passengers or that they had turned the road over as a public highway, by abandonment in not collecting tolls was no defense to plaintiff's cause of action. The *Mountaineer* says it is a question of some importance to the traveling public to know that the law makes it the duty of the Dalles Military Road Company to keep this road in repair.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The first cow has reached Skeena Forks from Fort St. James.

The steamer *Otter*, Capt. Lewis, arrived at Victoria from Skeena river on November 18th, bringing $40 000 in Omineca gold dust.

The *Otter's* arrival at New Westminster with a large number of Omineca miners gave the town a more than usually lively appearance.

Mr. Pearse has received the plans for the new Custom House to be erected at the foot of Broughton street in Victoria. The building will be 40 feet wide by 62 feet deep, three story and basement with Mansard roof.

Times at Cariboo are reported that Lothair claim on Antler sold for $2,400. On Lightning, the Victoria and Vancouver, were doing well, and the people on the creek generally are in good spirits, looking forward to a very prosperous season next year.

Lieut.-Col. Houghton of Victoria, has received instructions to organize the militia of the Province at once. Five companies of riflemen will be raised as follows. At Victoria, two companies of 50 men each, at New Westminster, one company of 40 men, at Burrard Inlet one company of 40 men, at Nanaimo one company of 40 men. The uniforms, arms and accoutrements for the outfits are already in the Province.

In pursuance of instructions from Ottawa, Col. Houghton has placed himself in communication with the Provincial Government, with a view to obtaining a site for the necessary buildings, such as drill shed, armory, and magazine &c. and he anticipates an unmixed favorable result. The site will in all probability be beyond James Bay in the vicinity of the Government buildings and when obtained the works will be gone on with at once.

Mr. J. Columbine of the Peace Company left Germansen Creek on the 25th October. The weather was cold freezing, hard but very little snow on the ground. The trail through Fraser Pass was in good order. Between Tatlah and Omineca the lakes were frozen on one but was strong enough to permit the party to cross. The party left nine days in making the trip from Germansen Creek to Skeena Forks and three days from the Forks to the mouth of Skeena river.

The new province of Manitoba is filling up very fast. The Canadian population has more than doubled this year and the town of Winnipeg is over 5,000. The Russian Mennonites have taken up seven townships, and the Prussian Mennonites, it is expected will take up as much. The Dominion surveys have progressed to within twenty miles of Fort Ellice and disclose one-third more timber than was expected and a continuous line of rich loam soil west of Winnipeg for 200 miles.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. E. C. LOUD, Portland.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
Sole Agents for the J. H. Cutter
Old BOURBON WHISKY,
And Importers of
FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.
431 Jackson St., San Francisco,
And 25 Front St., Portland, Oregon.

GROCERIES.

BELLMAN & KNIGHT,
Successors to Shoppard & Eddy.
DEALERS IN
Family Groceries & Provisions
N. W. COR. FIRST AND YAMHILL STS.

REVIVE
Your Drooping Spirits!
BY TAKING
WILHOIT SPRINGS,
(Clackamas County.)
SODA WATER!
It is easy to take, and will cure
GENERAL DEBILITY.
E. B. HILL,
Yamhill and First Sts. Or.
HAS IT
Only $1.50 per D—

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co.
[illegible]
DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS
PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, Oct. 1st, 1873.
As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	8:05 A. M.	Roseburg	7.15 P. M.
Roseburg	5:15 A. M.	Portland	4.20 P. M.

SALEM EXPRESS—DAILY.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	4:25 P. M.	Salem	7:05 P. M.
Salem	6:45 A. M.	Portland	7:45 A. M.

Freight Trains run [illegible] between

PORTLAND AND JUNCTION
As follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	8:05 A. M.	Junction	4:00 P. M.
Junction	9:00 A. M.	Portland	5:00 P. M.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and [illegible] Company.

Tickets for sale to all the principal points in California and the East at Company's Office.

Cor. Front and First Sts., at Ross' Landing, PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight received for shipment up to 4 P. M.

J. WASHBURN, Jr., Supt.

E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Pass. Agt.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.
[illegible]
WILL ON, AND AFTER MONDAY, March 15, 1873, and until further notice, run Passenger and Freight Trains from
PORTLAND TO ST. JOSEPH
Connecting at Corvallis with [illegible] for Albany, Brownsville, Scio, Lebanon, Harrisburg, Junction City, Monroe, Halsey, Shedd's, Brownsville, Scio, Lebanon, Harrisburg, Junction City, Monroe, Halsey, Shedd's, Providence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	St. Joseph	11:44 A. M.
St. Joseph	12:00 P. M.	Portland	4:35 P. M.

Passengers can go on Freight Accommodation Trains:

LEAVING		ARRIVE.	
Portland	1:24 P. M.	St. Joseph	5:45 P. M.
St. Joseph	5:10 A. M.	Portland	10:34 A. M

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING NOV 24 1873

THE LOT OF THE SLAVES

In answer to a communication from a northern gentleman of high standing and great influence Hon M J Hunter writes a letter to the Richmond Whig in which he lays himself open to severe criticism for the Second Annual Address before the American Anti Slavery Society at Winchester In the speech Mr Hunter was understood as advocating the payment by the General Government of some compensation to the former slaveholders of the South as compensation for human chattels transferred by emancipation Here we write to correct this impression saying that he did not make any proposition to pay the loss for the loss of any slave or to compensate the owner for any such loss either in substance or form He suggests rather that the United States deposit $400 000 000 with the former slave holding States without interest to loan it to the deposited slaves to be distributed in the same manner after the model and tracts upon the production of the act of June 23 1836 depositing the surplus revenue of the United States with the different States upon the terms and in the manner therein specified He says that when the United States Government found that it had no authority to give the money to the States it evaded the constitutional objection by putting the transaction in the shape of a loan without interest pending meanwhile, for the return of the amount transferred on certain prescribed terms We notice that Mr Hunter admits at the close of his letter, that he opposed the act of 1836 because he was afraid of the precedent But he argues, there is no danger from the establishment of this precedent since this case can have no parallel hereafter This admission is enforced by the remark that "the unanimous and fraternal action of the two races in the South have been delayed by the fear, real or affected on the part of the colored race that their former masters would seek to re enslave them" Mr Hunter assures us that "this fear is so absurd that it is difficult to believe in its existence" The proposed measure would he thinks, bring about complete harmony between the races "the negro would feel that the claim of his former master had been satisfied, if not *paid* or *compromised* by the money of the United States and we may add the "despoiled slaveholder" would take the same view. But Mr Hunter does not desire to have his proposed measure understood as a scheme for the reimbursement of the former slaveholder But we defy any one to reconcile the honorable gentleman's arguments on any other hypothesis For instance Mr Hunter says in the first part of his letter that this loan of $400 000 000 to the slaveholding States, for the easement and benefit of the deposited slaveholder, would quicken the energies of the South promote commerce, advance industries of all kinds and greatly assist those States in bearing their burdens of taxation This, briefly, is the point of view from which the North is to look upon his proposition with favor The Northern States are to regard the loan as an act of charity to which the South has no equitable right, but which they in their generosity confer as a benefaction But how is the South to regard it?

Mr Hunter tells us that "when the private property in slaves was taken by the United States for public uses, a claim accrued to the individual owner for just compensation under the fifth article of the amendments to the constitution," and that the obligation could only be discharged by a "just compensation to the claimant In other words the debt created under the fifth amendment, by emancipation, was not, nor could it legally be, extinguished by the adoption of the fourteenth amendment It would have been better, perhaps had Mr Hunter omitted this portion of his argument but he does not stop here He goes out of his way to point out a supposed dilemma in which the States assisted to place the General Government by ratifying the fourteenth amendment. We quote

If they the United States compensated the slaveholder whose property was taken for public uses they violated the fourteenth amendment to the constitution and if they failed to pay this claim, which accrued before the adoption of the fourteenth amendment they violated the fifth amendment, which declares that "private property should not be taken for public uses without just compensation A dilemma produced by the fourteenth amendment so absurd that it is difficult to suppose that it was not suggested by passion on the one side and adopted under the influence of fear by the other

The spirit of the quotation is unmistakable the General Government owes a debt to the Southern States for slaves emancipated If schemers of Mr Hunter's stripe were in power the General Government would speedily be released from this absurd dilemma by the rescinding of the fourteenth amendment and the payment of the enormous indemnity to the despoiled slaveholders

Thus this distinguished Southerner attempts to put the difficult fate of carrying water on both shoulders The expectant slaveholder of the South is told that he has a just claim against the General Government which is to be liquidated in all the conscientious scruples of the North center, who stands guard over the liberties which cost millions of treasure and some of the nation's best blood are quieted by a deed of "good will and brotherly love" and the constitutional objection is met by the plea that the $400 000 000 will be deposited with the slaveholding States as a loan Mr Hunter might very properly have closed his letter with this ingenious sophism but with his record his summary of the benefits claimed from such a loan

It might thus perhaps appear that the claimant under the fifth amendment, the fourteenth article of which will be much prized by a white population of the Government suffers by the dilemma

If Mr Hunter shall succeed in gaining the Senatorial succession to John F Lewis who's seat he covets he may have an opportunity of ascertaining that the men who fired the slaves to arms are unwilling to confess that the General Government owes the Southern States insolvent We don't like to think of the Prince Washington

THE DEATH OF CAPTAIN HALL

Immediately on the arrival of the United States of the steamer *Tigress* the government of the country was informed by the circumstances of the death of Capt Hall was instituted by Secretary Robeson Affording and careful examination it was announced to the country that the above commander met a natural death—that the evidence forbids the proof of the truth of the suspicions In fact the surgeon and engineer of the expedition under the instructions of Secretary Robeson were first directed with a jealous examination by Surgeon General Ides and other medical gentlemen The examining board reported that from this and concurrent testimony it was quite apparent that Captain Hall's death resulted from apoplexy The circumstances implied a horrible guilt and the verdict of the Secretary of the Navy was a relief to the country We cannot but wish that the subject had been dropped just here But in the Washington *Star*, of the 11th inst we notice in editorial statement to the effect that the widow of Captain Hall fully believes that our husband was murdered Her awful suspicions point to Captain Buddington sailing master of the *Polaris* She has appealed to the Government to cause the body of the lamented explorer to be brought home in order that the question of his death may be forever quieted We say we are sorry to see this subject again revived because the bereaved lady who makes this strong appeal does not support her request by producing any new evidence It is based solely on suspicion, in her own mind, which was not put at rest by the official inquiry The facts in the case seem to be simply these Capt Hall returned from a long and exhausting journey fatigued from over exertion went from the frigid Polar air into the over-heated cabin of the *Polaris*, ate and drank quite heartily and was shortly afterward stricken down by the disease which terminated in death That that death resulted from natural causes is not only a reasonable hypothesis but it is almost certainly true So the Secretary of the Navy will report to Congress, and so the nation will prefer to believe until new and substantial evidence compels a contrary belief

The Washington *Chronicle* of November 11th presents a detailed statement of the cost of the remarkable landscape gardening in which the Board of Public Works have been experimenting of late The debt of the District on account of these improvements foots up according to the *Chronicle*, $14 000 000 The Controller of the city has printed in the *Republican* another statement in which he puts the debt at $13 902 251 Former *Chronicle* with correspondents of other Republican journals affirms that it approaches $20 000 000 The act of Congress under which this expensive ornamentation was begun expressly provided that the debt to be incurred should not in any event exceed $10 000 000 The *Chronicle* surveys the stupendous sewers with mingled pride and apprehension and asks Is it right that the people of the District of Columbia should bear this heavy burden of taxation In answer to which we seem to hear the voice of the great West thundering through the November elections Let us have economy There is an ancient adage which teaches the excellent moral that those who enjoy the luxury of dancing should meet the demands of the melodious fiddle

At a meeting of the Associated Banks of New York city held on the 11th inst a report from the Committee of Nine upon Reforms in the Banking Business was received Among other things the report recommends the adoption of the following rules

1 No bank shall pay or procure to be paid interest upon deposits

2 No check shall be certified until the full amount is first deposited

3 Checks upon Associated Banks only received on deposit

4 Checks upon places out of New York received at rates of discount fixed by Clearing House Committee

5 Checks will be taken at depositors' risk and collected through the Clearing House

6 Checks not paid will be returned to the depositor the following day

The adoption of these rules would introduce new and startling changes into the present system of banking.

Secretary Richardson's Bill proposing a resumption of specie payments borders very much on the ridiculous Did we not know that he enters into it with marked sincerity it would be absurd in the extreme to suppose that he intended anything of the kind He starts in to replace over $300 000 000 of paper currency by redeeming greenbacks in sums of not over $5 At the end of the first two weeks our honored Secretary announces to an incredulous public that he has paid out $1 400 000 in quarters and five cent pieces and that he will thus continue to redeem greenbacks and fractional currency Where we shall find the $40 000 000 and odd necessary We cannot tell the $40 000 000 we have not received We can only say that in two weeks we have redeemed $1 400 000 in fractional currency Where we shall find the $38 600 000 and odd we cannot tell Hazard conjecture that the Secretary will make a call upon the National Banks for the balance of the amount

Mr W M Allen [illegible] appointment as Director of the Mint [illegible] Washington Territory [illegible] New York [illegible] Portland [illegible] Mr Allen [illegible] Mint [illegible] Mr Allen [illegible] Mint [illegible] Mr Allen [illegible] Mint

AND COMMISSION.

RICHARDSON,

IONEER

ONT AND OAK STS

tion Sales

GROCERIES GENERAL MER-
ISE AND HORSES.

nesday and Saturday,

ivate Sale.

GROCERIES and LIQUORS,
made on Consignments
Housekeeping Furniture
econd-Hand Furniture
RICHARDSON Auctioneer

d Peremptory Sale
OF

, GROCERIES,
CHANDISE, ETC.

Auction Salesroom on

AY, NOV 19, 1873,
o'clock A M

HORSES

ALSO

ROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE,

ALSO

S and SAUCERS

LUID.

ALSO,

DINING ROOM and KITCHEN
URNITURE.

RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

INANCE.

OME

INSURANCE COMPANY

FRANCISCO.

Marine Insurance.

.....$1,000,000.

President.
Vice President.
Secretary.
Asso Secretary.
al Manager.

C. H. Lewis, S. Gold-
J. Brooke
L. F. Grover,
J. A. Crawford,
D. M. French,
J. Lowenberg.

TON,
Trustee.

Chief Engineer

Co. No. 3
1873.
ING OF
held at their
of November, the
AWIN were unani

have
strictly im-
in the ex-
ith as such of
of No. 3,
ANIES as candi-
ow for
the ensuing
of the De-

and
and
after the
Secy

VER!

the Fire and Fire

FENN!

all Kinds of Feed,

EAP. Also, a

Feed Wheat.

& FARWELL,

BALSAM!

the CHAPMEN and the
ed for all diseases of

Agents,
Whole'le Agents.
oct2dlmawztu

POLITAN

Saloon Store.

HART,

on and First Streets,
well-known stand
of
Confectionery, Etc.

R. L. DURHAM
Notary Public

& DURHAM,

ESTATE

ding Agents,
FRONT AND FIRST

ly bought and sold. Mo
security. Legal papers
cents taken. Houses rented
collected &c.
cent counties wishing to
cription or wish to
business will find it their
sale with us. Go to pos
nov11m

for 1874.

ASSORTMENT

IC & RETAIL

T

L & CO'S.

TICE.

HERETOFORE EXISTING
signed under the name
Co. is hereby dissolved.
counts or bills due the said
by D S Stimson or Lee
D S STIMSON
LEVI ESTE
L BESSER
oct11dlm

Repairing.

WISHES ANYTHING IN
olstering Furniture, Re-Cane
making new, Job Work
their orders at my new
reet, between Third and
D D BRIGGS

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, NOV 17, 1873

CITY.

A SLI — By consulting the di — observed that a slight shock of it perceptibly throughout — Saturday evening about 9 — northward the shock be- — appreciable so that nothing — noticed at Salem or Portland — who observed any uncom- — the city was a gentleman — arrived yesterday. Indeed — light that he never — amusement while produced — dispatches received yester- — circumstance to his mind, — knowledge that the time the — the southern part of the — Lovely with the motion — instantaneously his attention — stopped into a barber — the fright to both, — the tonsorial operation — ceased himself in the chair — the chandelier overhead be- — away from the southwest to — direction was most violent — perceptible. There was no ex- — other oscillations and — all the barbers attention to — once. That person attrib- — of the chandelier to heat — it ceased to swing and — was thought of the circum- — men says he did not expe- — any movement of the chair — more remote from his mind than — the shock. We have heard of — nothing felt or observed any — who could suggest a shock.

PASSENGERS — The steamer *Oregonian* sailed — day last from San Francisco — following passengers: Col R — T K Cull M Sullivan and wife — Mrs Cull Miss B Anderson M — family, Mrs. McMahon and — child J W — and S A — three Sisters of — Charity — Annie Murphy and sister, Wm — and wife, Miss S Cornelius — P Dixon, H Biddle and — family, Mrs M A Johnson J Hume Mrs — daughter J O Neal and — family, E — and wife O F Taylor and — child Mrs J Beantz Miss Bachelder F M — and wife, Mrs M Loveladay and three — Miss M Anderson, J J Roseland — family, S W Mitchell and family Rev T — Whitman and family, J S Wilkins Miss H A — Wm — and daughter, C McCready and wife, F R — and family, J Davis J Ashley E Tur- — Church Rev C P Hetzler and — Cruegrovel Capt Flavel W — and Tukes Mrs M Rowley.

DESERTER — For several weeks a — number of — ranging in years from ten to — seventeen — been in the habit of attending — Sabbath evenings at the — which is situated at the ex- — end of the street railroad. — have frequently conducted — a most disgraceful manner — disturbance of the pastor and — Their turbulence at length be- — ance of annoyance that the pas- — notified by letter Chief Lappeus. Last — evening, — attended service at the chapel — Their — These young — hoodlums were present, but they smelled a — good sized rodent, and conducted themselves — in an orderly way. The complaint is that — these boys station — at the door and keep up a con- — tinual noise — laughing, whispering and fre- — quently applauding the pastor. Such conduct — is simply outrageous and ought to meet with — the severest — punishment. Those boys are — known let them beware.

IN DEFAULT — Of late the complaint has — frequently been made that certain young hood- — lums about the city were in the habit of in- — dulging in an innocent and profitable (?) — species of diversion. This sport consists in go- — ing about the streets late at night with a pocket- — full of stones and when unnoticed hurl these — missiles through windows of Chinese wash — houses. In some instances these chaps have — been guilty of — entering secretly the rooms — who chanced to be sitting at the windows. — Depredations of this character were frequently — complained of but the officers could not catch — the culprits. Last evening an officer captured — three small — boys who were engaged in this — questionable sport, and promptly locked them — in a dark cell. For the well known respecta- — ble standing — of the boys parents, we suppress — names. It is to be hoped that experience like — the above will have a beneficial tendency — and cause them with a wholesome respect for — the law.

LIVE DECLARED — Last Saturday morning — the case of the colored man, Thomas Green — was compromised in the Police Court and the — defendant liberated. Green was accused of — having — and wife and also was charged — with making the threat that he would kill her. — Notwithstanding the chastisement he had ad- — ministered and the menace he had indulged — in wisely decided to overcome these trivial ob- — structions and Mrs Green, after allowing her — huge lord to remain in jail for four and twenty — hours came to the rescue. Being the com- — plaining witness in the case she declined to — prosecute. The prosecution being withdrawn — Green was discharged on payment of the costs — and the couple left the court room leaning — confidently on each other's arm. Matrimonial — discord was to all appearances restored and — the twain, who but the day previous were en- — gaged in a disgraceful domestic broil departed — as lovingly as a newly married couple.

COURSE OF LECTURES — Arrangements have — been effected by the members of the First Con- — gregational Church of this city for the delivery — of a course of six lectures. The gentlemen — who have been engaged to fill these several — appointments are speakers well known in the — lecture field and are recognized as possessing — much talent and fluency. The bare enumera- — tion of these lecturers names will be a sufficient — guarantee of the measure of ability which will — characterize the course. The following gent- — lemen have consented to deliver — one lecture each during this forthcoming — course at their — times and order: Rev T Lyon — Rev — Gorve, Dec 3 W R Gilbert — Esq, Dec 10 Rev S H Marsh D — D, Dec 17 Sylvester Pennoyer, Esq, Dec 23 Rev D K Nesbit — Dec 30 Hon Matthew P Deady. — Timely notice will be given — of the — lecture subjects.

ARRIVAL — Arrow of the *Dalles* — bark *Matthew Morris* — days from Honolulu — arrived — Forbes — was — Saturday morning — fine passengers — Capt — Mr — Mrs — Mr — Mr — Mr

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING NOV 24 1873

THE OLD GRANGER

[illegible] an old man in gray jack
And he [illegible] with his garden spade
But [illegible] laugh and his eyes were [illegible]
[illegible] as he [illegible] playing the devil with him
He [illegible] and [illegible]
[illegible] and then [illegible]

[illegible] that's in for ill so many sweet
[illegible] [illegible] in every [illegible]
[illegible] have been by the great hereafter
I could cut down the freights, that I make em howl
[illegible] I'll stop for the by
My hoe'd [illegible] I'll gather them in

[illegible] and well [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible]
But a grant politician's [illegible]
And he smiled as he heard what the granger said
He was [illegible] people's [illegible]
And he told the Granger the [illegible] for his
And I'll be my boots [illegible] thought with a grin
That I'll gather you in—I'll gather you in

[illegible]

Election is over—the railroads run
The [illegible] trains where they used to have one.
In the ditch by the track there he lies carefully filled
A mass of brown sugar, a shark and a gold
And all the old cheddar will chuckle an I grin
As I [illegible] in their granger feather I'll win

—Chicago Tribune.

A METHODIST MIRACLE

THE CURE OF A NEW HAMPSHIRE GENTLEMAN BY THE LAYING ON OF HANDS—TESTIMONY OF THE PATIENT HIMSELF

Great excitement has been created in New Hampshire by an account given by Mrs Ellen C Sherman wife of Rev Moses Sherman of Fremont of her having been rescued from the brink of the grave by divine interposition Mrs Sherman is a woman of thirty five or four education and strong religious convictions Her reputation for truthfulness has always been unquestionable and her remarkable story has naturally given rise to animated discussion among those who were familiar with the facts in her case

It has [illegible] to be admitted on all sides that Mrs Sherman, just before the time of the alleged miracle, was in an extremely dangerous condition She was scarcely able to lift her hand to her mouth, and this incapacity to action was accompanied with intense pain which at times was so acute as to render her delirious Then came a sudden and remarkable change without apparent cause and a rapid progress toward complete restoration to health

In the community where Mrs Sherman lives the opinions upon the nature of her sudden convalescence are various and evidently influenced by sectarian bias It is said that the Methodists generally accept her account as satisfactory evidence of miraculous interposition while other sects are skeptical and at tributing her convalescence to natural causes, ascribe her belief in a supernatural visitation to the disordered fancies of a brain excited to the highest degree of religious fervor and physical agony Here is Mrs Sherman's story

I have been a great sufferer for fifteen years, my sufferings increasing with the years For years I have been a confirmed invalid but not wholly though mostly confined to my bed for a great part of the time for several years, till Sept. 10, 1872 From that time up to Aug 28 1873 I was wholly confined not able to stand on my feet or be raised to a standing position, or get on or off the bed alone, or help my self much in any way I was growing more helpless, and was especially so for a few weeks previous to my great change Much of the time I required two persons to move me I had become discouraged about ever getting up again, and on that night, being in unusual pain and suffering, the prospect looked dark and dismal I looked forward to years of suffering in a bed ridden state and I felt that I must have more help from God to enable me to bear the burden with perfect submission and patience I therefore cried and was divinely helped, to anew and fully and forever surrender my self and all my being and interests into His hands to live there in passive subjection to all God's will When I felt that the consecration was complete I was easy to grasp Jesus as my Savior oh so easy My faith reached out to take Him as my all and as I did so, I began to be conscious of a presence His presence in my room and a voice whispered in my inner ear, I will come unto you and manifest myself unto you It seemed as if I [illegible] to get up, grasp Him with my [illegible] and His presence I felt I knew Him as my Savior He seemed to fill the room and my whole being with His loving smile But I can never tell how much of bliss entered into that hour I said to myself, Truly this is the gate of heaven" But I was not satisfied My heart (I did not move or speak with my lips It was a spiritual manifestation but as real as though pertaining to the body) cried out "Lord, if thou will, thou canst make me clean' Immediately that voice replied, so lovingly and sweetly "I will be thou clean" and with the words came the cleansing power of Christ's most precious blood I felt it through me It cleansed me

I was too happy and too full to speak or move I was overpowered—struck dumb by such a [illegible] I felt that I could not lose such a presence and be left alone I remembered Ask what ye will' and I said 'Lord send me the comforter that he may abide with me forever' I knew He could do it and it was instantly given, going through my whole frame like an electric shock I felt it, and the words Reigning fire go through my heart,' &c passed through my mind and were true in my experience The voice of Jesus whispered And when He is come, He will take of the things of God and show them unto you and for a few moments, truly, He did show me wonderful and marvelous things out of God's law Promises after promise came before my spirit's eye as vividly as if written in letters of light and since then it has been constantly verified

I was overpowered by the presence of Jesus who still remained, though I saw not His form at all—only His presence and the baptism of the Holy Spirit. While lost in wonder love and praise, I said to myself 'This poor, sick, worn out body is poor enough to give Him for His dwelling, in return for such wonderful love' The spirit whispered to me—the first intimation I had of the design of the Great Physician—He is able to restore, and He is now His own temple Instantly Jesus passed near my bed and spoke, Believest thou that I am able to do this' and it was repeated many times while I moaned He is the same, yesterday, to-day and forever All powers in given Him, &c He did heal the sick, and my judgment was convinced I knew He was willing He had come because He was willing, yes and anxious to do it I gave to yield and believe was given I said my whole being it seems to me said—Lord I believe help thou mine unbelief He saw me and knew my whole heart believed He came still nearer, and I heard the words And He breathed on them and said Receive ye the Holy Ghost and they were accompanied by a [illegible] and I felt it on my face A warming and [illegible] influence was breathed upon me, It [illegible] my body, relieving my pain instantly, and all through my frame I felt [illegible] and life It was as if a current of [illegible] was [illegible] the [illegible] I said - I was told to arise, then to step in bed, I did so without effort. Before it had taken two persons and caused great suffering Then I call your husband I walked him, and told him the Savior was present at work on me and while telling him there came the command That the people may know the Son of Man hath power on earth still to forgive sins arise and walk' And as I finished telling, what He was doing, I arose without help or without effort and walked across the room several times and gained strength while so doing

In a week I went to the Woods and gained whole there I have been to church half the day for three sabbaths and yesterday to the prayer meeting besides I am a new creature in all respects physically mentally and morally I have awakened to newness of life I am free from pain unless I get tired and though still weak I am gaining rapidly My diseases and they were many and prominent are gone My heart is apparently well, and I have faith that the sick within are removed if they God in all His laws I am trying to obey the slightest wishes of His Spirit, and I would rather die than disobey Him He has performed in me I pronounced it a miraculous work to all believers and unbelievers Jesus saved me and made me well After I had walked about the room and gone back to rest Jesus again stood and conversed with me He said I would now have a chance to be called a fool for the sake of Christ Would I confess it? Could I say anything, am willing to do or need I for the Lord Jesus I love Him I have given all for Christ and He is my all to-day He bade me tell the people how great things the Lord had done for me I am trying to do so as far as I have opportunity ELLEN C SHERMAN

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

Financial

SATURDAY EVENING November [illegible] 1873

Gold in New York to-day 110

Gold bars are quotable at [illegible] of one

Exchange on San Francisco [illegible] of 1 per cent premium

Wheat in Liverpool—Average California 10s 9d to 10s 10d

Bullion Reports of the Director of the Mint [illegible] that this institution will be closed to the public on the coming of month [illegible] will be [illegible] and will be [illegible] to receive bullion to be coined [illegible] Secretary Richardson [illegible] that the general opinion that comparatively high rates will be the rule so soon as trade once more sets in the ordinary channels

Business affairs at Chicago Cincinnati St Louis and most of the other leading commercial centers in the West are beginning to [illegible] their usual channels of trade though there is still some hesitancy and caution [illegible]

The returns of Customs for the quarter ending September 30 1873 show a decrease of $1 000 000 in receipts for the month of September of the present year they amounted to $3 [illegible] against the corresponding month last year $3 [illegible] a decline of nearly $2 000 000 The total receipts for the first quarter were $18 [illegible] against $19 000 000 [illegible] while the exports for 1873 were about $ [illegible] more than for 1872

The closing up of the September quarter shows that the government by the [illegible] of the New York and London houses of Clews Habicht & Co amounted of $1 0 000 on the consular and diplomatic account

It is estimated that by the arrival of steamships and the payment of the November interest some $30 000 000 of gold will be thrown on the New York market within the next few weeks

The weight of the new fractional silver coins is identical the weight of the half-dollars being just twelve and one-half grammes the quarter dollar six and one quarter grammes. There will be the issue of silver coins of the denomination established by the last Congress The value will be one half of 1 per cent in excess of the former standard

Monthly report No 1 of the Bureau of statistics contains statistics of our Foreign trade for the fiscal year 1873 as compared with that of 1872 as follows Import of free articles in 1873 [illegible] Imports of free articles in 1872 [illegible] Imports of dutiable articles in 1873 [illegible] Imports of dutiable articles in 1872 [illegible] Domestic exports in 1873 [illegible] Domestic exports in 1872 [illegible] Foreign exports in 1873 [illegible] Foreign exports in 1872 [illegible]

San Francisco Stock Market.

[BY TELEGRAPH]

SAN FRANCISCO November 2

Ophir	74	Union Con	[illegible]
Gould & Curry	1	Sutro	[illegible]
B & N	[illegible]	Woodville	[illegible]
Savage	[illegible]	Buckeye	[illegible]
Chollar	[illegible]	Hardenelles	[illegible]
Belmont	30	Fairmount	[illegible]
B & N	[illegible]	Bowers	[illegible]
Crown Point	[illegible]	Alpha	[illegible]
Jacket	61	Nevada	[illegible]
Imperial	[illegible]	Valley	[illegible]
Savage	[illegible]	Raymond & Ely	[illegible]
Empire	[illegible]	Eureka Con	[illegible]
Kentuck	[illegible]	Phoenix	[illegible]
Alpha	[illegible]	Hoche	[illegible]
Belcher	[illegible]	W & C	[illegible]
Con Virginia	[illegible]	Ops	[illegible]
Sierra Nevada	[illegible]	P & I	[illegible]
Daney	[illegible]	Flag	[illegible]
Exchequer	[illegible]	H & H	[illegible]
Mg Butcher	[illegible]	Silver Hill	[illegible]
Overman	[illegible]	Chapman	[illegible]
Justice	[illegible]	Belmont	[illegible]
Julia	[illegible]	Newark	[illegible]
Succor	[illegible]	Magenta	[illegible]
Caledonia	[illegible]	Independent	[illegible]
Bullion	[illegible]	Be Fairfax	[illegible]
Cole	[illegible]	Rock Dutch	[illegible]
Baltimore	[illegible]	Eldorado	[illegible]
Button	[illegible]	Charlot M	[illegible]
Utah	[illegible]	Hayes	[illegible]
Silver Hill	[illegible]	Jagonar	[illegible]
Eclipse	[illegible]	Pan Vine	[illegible]
N Y Con	[illegible]	G Chariot	[illegible]
Bacon	[illegible]	S Charlot	[illegible]
American Flat	[illegible]	Red Jack	[illegible]
Central No 2	[illegible]		

Shipping, &c.

The bark Wild Wave went to sea to-day with 27 65 centals of wheat, valued at $35,206. Her destination is Cork

The bark Vesta, for Cork went to sea to-day with a cargo of 20 187 centals of wheat of the value of $41 [illegible]

The schooner Keith Heron has arrived and is lying at her berth foot of Alder street

The steamship Oriflamme, left San Francisco for this port to day

The Norwegian bark Flekfira cleared at Astoria for Cork on the 19th with 17 [illegible] centals wheat valued at [illegible] and sailed on the 20

The bark Matte Mackay 9 days from Honolulu arrived to day She brings a cargo of Islands produce mostly sugars and being ballasted with salt

The bark Mariner for San Francisco with [illegible] on board went to sea on the 31st inst

BY TELEGRAPH

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 2 Flour Market firm and [illegible] for export extra [illegible] at $5 [illegible] Wheat 60 sks choice milling $2 [illegible] market firm at [illegible] 20

Barley—1000 sk good to fair feed $1 [illegible] Brewing $1 and [illegible]

Oats 40 sks light $1 [illegible] 80 sks shipping $1 [illegible] 30

Hay—10 tons medium $8 to [illegible] per ton

Corn—From $1 [illegible]

Potatoes Two steamers from Eureka bring less than 1 000 sks market firm at $1 [illegible] Sacks Best price for [illegible] from the [illegible] $1 [illegible]

Shipping Intelligence

BY TELEGRAPH

SAN FRANCISCO Nov 2—Arrived Bark Milan 1 day from Portland And ship Harvest Home Ellis from Portland Sailed ship Sea Witch for Hong Kong Bark Ocean Bird for Honolulu Schr Wm H Smith for Coos Bay Brig Bay Wolf for Humboldt Bay Arrived Brig Buena Ayr

The steamer Montana reported in from San Juan del Sur Nov 1 Companions Hall Arrived This Brewer Hall were [illegible] on the Pacific Coast Arrived Nov 1 Ship Wm H Meyers Astoria Bark St Michael Portland Bark Cadiz Victoria

General Merchandise

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS Mower Buckeye Mower and Reaper Buckeye Mower and Reaper Kentucky Hay Tedder Hay Rake Hay Loader Hay Stacker Plows Cultivators Harrows Seed Sowers Corn Shellers Feed Cutters Wheat Drills Wheat Fanning Mills Grain Bags Wagons Carts Buggies Carriages Horse Powers Threshers Reapers Mowers Rakes Reapers and Mowers Hay Rakes Hay Tedders Hay Loaders Hay Stackers